GCSE

C300UA0-1B

FOR USE IN SUMMER 2025 AND NOVEMBER 2025

MATHEMATICS

HIGHER TIER

ADDITIONAL FORMULAE

**USED IN SUMMER 2022
NOVEMBER 2022
SUMMER 2023
NOVEMBER 2023
SUMMER 2024
and NOVEMBER 2024**

Higher Tier

Perimeter, area and volume

Where a and b are the lengths of the parallel sides and h is their perpendicular separation:

Area of a trapezium $= \dfrac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

Volume of a prism = area of cross section × length
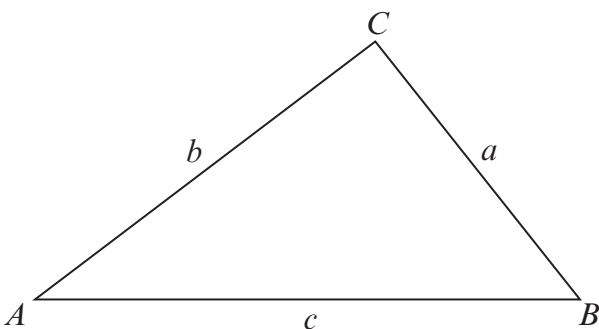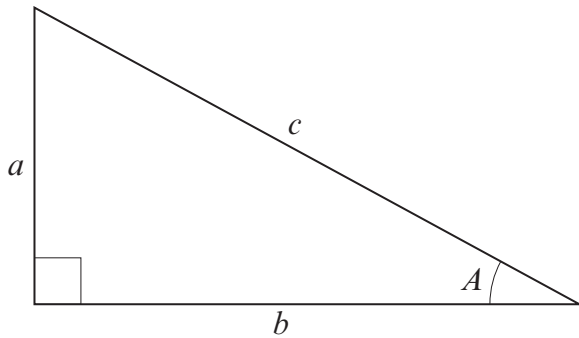
Where r is the radius and d is the diameter:

Circumference of a circle $= 2\pi r = \pi d$

Area of a circle $= \pi r^2$

Quadratic formula

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
where $a \neq 0$:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Pythagoras' theorem and trigonometry

In any right-angled triangle where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle ABC where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \qquad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \qquad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$

In any triangle ABC where a, b and c are the length of the sides:

sine rule: $\dfrac{a}{\sin A} = \dfrac{b}{\sin B} = \dfrac{c}{\sin C}$

cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$

Area of a triangle $= \dfrac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Compound interest

Where P is the principal amount, r is the interest rate over a given period and n is number of times that the interest is compounded:

Total accrued $= P\left(1 + \dfrac{r}{100}\right)^n$

Probability

Where $P(A)$ is the probability of outcome A and $P(B)$ is the probability of outcome B:

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A \text{ given } B)\, P(B)$$